SJIS Mission

Topical areas and research approaches

Magnus Bergquist¹, Helle Zinner Henriksen², Arto Ojala³, Xenia Vassilakopoulou⁴
¹Halmstad University, ²Copenhagen Business School, ³University of Jyväskylä, ⁴University of Agder
magnus.bergquist@hh.se, hzh.digi@cbs.dk, arto.k.ojala@jyu.fi, polyxenv@uia.no

1 Introduction

SJIS has operated since 1989; thus, it has published IS research for close to 30 years. The journal focuses on publishing critical yet constructive studies of IT development, use and design. The journal draws on the rich and well-established Scandinavian research tradition (Iivari & Lyytinen 1998) that emphasizes engagement with the field, participation from users, and multi-vocality of interests (Bjerknes 2016; Ehn 1989; Mathiassen & Nielsen 2008). A key characteristic of Scandinavian IS research is that it challenges a purely technical perspective and does not focus on technology per se. Instead it extends to sociotechnical issues on different levels: the interaction level (HCI, UX and interfaces), the individual level (job satisfaction, job design and automation), the organizational level (organizational change, decision making, business models and strategy) and/or societal level (including issues such as unemployment, privacy and wealth distribution) (Bjørn-Andersen & Clemmensen 2017). Furthermore, design has been at the core of Scandinavian IS since its inception (Ågerfalk & Wiberg 2018). Design-oriented research and research related to purposeful change induced by Information Systems within and beyond organizations are key areas of interest within the Scandinavian tradition. Because geographical boundaries do not confine to this kind of scholarly work, one should interpret the term ‘Scandinavian’ metaphorically rather than literally, as an ambition to foster this tradition. Therefore, the journal welcomes submissions from all over the world that address these topics and engage in a critical discourse with studies informed by Scandinavian IS tradition.

2 Topical areas

A Scandinavian approach to IS research is characterized by, but not restricted to topical areas such as: organizational politics of IT, participatory design, evolution and use of
digital infrastructures and innovations, software development methods and strategies (e.g. open source development, platformization), transformation of leisure and work (following e.g., mobile technologies and the internet of things), strategic and structural transformations of business organizations and public sector, and the life on the Internet and social media.

3 Research approaches
In research approaches we welcome theoretical and methodological pluralism, such as: micro-studies of actual use, methodological aspects of participatory design, engagement with practice/ users, critical yet constructive studies, socio-technical view on IT/IS, sensible to inherent qualities, or lack of qualities of IT, different approaches to design research.

References


